

SolarTech Power Solutions

What are the wind and solar complementary functions for small communication base stations



Overview

The wind-solar complementary power station is an economic and practical power station for communication base stations, microwave stations, border guard posts, remote pastoral areas, areas without electricity and islands, which are far away from the large power grid, in a state of no electricity, sparsely populated, low electricity load and inconvenient traffic, using the abundant wind and solar energy in the region. Which cluster of wind power stations exhibit the weakest complementarity with radiation?

Analysis of the matrix reveals that the 4th, 5th, 7th, and 8th clusters of wind power stations exhibit the weakest complementarity with the radiation of photovoltaic stations. In contrast, the 5th, 7th, 8th, and 10th clusters of photovoltaic stations similarly demonstrate poor complementarity with the wind speed of wind power stations.

What is the complementary coefficient between wind power stations and photovoltaic stations?

Utilizing the clustering outcomes, we computed the complementary coefficient R between the wind speed of wind power stations and the radiation of photovoltaic stations, resulting in the following complementary coefficient matrix (Fig. 17.).

Is there a complementarity between wind and solar energy?

Studying the complementarity between wind and solar energy is crucial for optimizing the use of these renewable resources. Multi-energy compensation systems need to consider multiple metrics, and current research relies on the correlation of single metrics to study this complementarity.

How to measure complementarity between wind speed and radiation?

The Kendall CC, Spearman CC, and fluctuation coefficient are combined to construct a comprehensive measure of the complementarity between wind speed and radiation, which provides a reliable tool for quantitatively evaluating the complementary characteristics of wind and solar energy. 2. A

copula-based wind-solar complementarity coefficient R .

Does wind-solar complementarity occur in low-elevation plains?

Stronger wind-solar complementarity occurs in low-elevation plains. Studying the complementarity between wind and solar energy is crucial for optimizing the use of these renewable resources.

How do we evaluate the complementarity of wind and solar resources?

Previous studies have primarily used the Pearson correlation coefficient (CC) and similar metrics to evaluate the complementarity of wind and solar resources. For instance, Che et al. directly calculated Pearson CC to analyze the complementarity between wind and solar power and between wind and hydropower.

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